## REMARKS

This is intended as a full and complete response to the Office Action dated April 25, 2008, having a shortened statutory period for response set to expire on July 25, 2008. Applicant respectfully request entry and consideration of the following amendments and remarks.

Claims 1 and 4 - 27 are currently pending in the Application.

Claim 1 is currently amended in this Response.

Claims 2 and 3 are currently canceled in this Response.

Claims 4 - 27 were previously presented.

Claims 28 - 39 were previously canceled.

## I. Claim Rejections – 35 USC §101

The Office Action has rejected Claims 1 – 27 under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

Applicant has amended Claim 1 to clarify that the invention relates to a system that includes an apparatus with structural elements and functional elements. No new matter has been added with these amendments.

Specifically, Applicant's amended Claim 1 teaches:

a "device adapted for manipulating data and programs" - see Claim 1 paragraph (f), as previously amended, and Claims 25 and 27, as filed ("input device" and "computer").

a "processor with data storage"- see claims 20 and 21, as previously amended, and Claim 25, as filed ("computer").

"device adapted for inputting data and programs" - see Claim 1 paragraph (f), as previously amended, and Claims 25 and 27, as filed ("input device").

"device adapted for viewing data and programs" - see Claim 1 paragraph (f), as previously amended, and Claims 25 and 27, as filed ("input device" and "computer").

"user input device" - see Claim 1 paragraph (e), as previously amended ("user interface executable on a user input device")

"network" – see Paragraph [00040], and Figure 1 depicting a "shared network object layer and a network object layer."

"computer instructions for..." - see Paragraphs [0025], [0028], and [0052], teaching use of software.

"dependency and impact hierarchy" - see Figure 1

Reconsideration of this rejection is requested.

## II. Claim Rejections - 35 USC §112

The Office Action rejected Claims 1 – 27 under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being incomplete for omitting essential structural cooperative relationships of elements.

Applicant has amended Claim 1, to provide structural cooperative relationships, as described above in the discussion of the rejection under 35 USC \$101.

## III. Claim Rejections 35 USC §102 & §103

The Office Action rejected Claims 1-27 under 35 USC §102(b) as being anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over *Lakis* (5,864,865).

Applicant's Claim 1 has been amended to include the limitations of both claims 2 and 3. Claims 2 and 3 have been canceled accordingly.

Application Serial No.: 10/625,878 Attorney Docket No.: 1400,002 Applicant teaches a system that includes devices for manipulating data, and viewing data, a user input device, and a network, wherein the device for manipulating data comprises computer instructions for identifying relationships between business processes and technology using a protocol to form a dependency and impact hierarchy. Applicant's system

includes numerous object layers, which are arranged vertically, creating vertical dependencies,

and which are in a constant and static arrangement. (Applicant's Claim 1, as amended)

Applicant's system creates a 13 layer dependency/impact hierarchical model that

represents individual technical infrastructure components as they relate to individual business processes. Applicant's model considers every technical infrastructure component necessary to support any specific business activity, regardless of various or types of technology, creating a

resulting hierarchy that describes inter-dependences between various technical infrastructure components, and their impact on business processes. (Applicant's Paragraph [0008])

Lakis describes a method for using already identified industry standard protocols to

identify objects and their relationships, by organizing objects into categories and displaying the objects based on category. (Laiks, Column 2, Lines 15-19) Lakis interprets a Management

Information Base listing, categorizing objects, segregating objects, interpretating the listing, and

displaying object attributes in an ordered manner. (Lakis, Column 2, Lines 15-67)

Lakis describes performance of a "what item is connected to what other item" style of analysis, depicting parent and child relationships. (Lakis, Column 2, Lines 39-54) Detailed information and object attributes are omitted to reduce the size of the output. (Lakis, Column 3.

Lines 5-11)

Lakis fails to teach all elements of Applicant's Claim 1, as amended.

Applicant's system utilizes a dependency and impact hierarchy that includes layers which depend on each other. Applicant's method creates new industry standard protocols, rather than

using already identified industry standard protocols, as taught by Lakis.

Applicant has amended Claim 1 to more fully define the elements used in the present

system, as well as the computer instructions that create the different object layers. The object layers taught by Applicant provide the benefit of requiring no upstream or downstream topology

Application Serial No.: 10/625,878 Attorney Docket No.: 1400,002 information. Applicant's system discovers dependency relationships only. The dependency

relationships discovered through use of Applicant's system are discovered without considering

data flow, while the results of the method described by Lakis are specifically representative of

data flow.

Applicant's invention thereby does not require use of tedious or cumbersome standards

organizations or other bodies of work, such as the DMTF CIM, to define relationships.

Applicant's invention does not use any existing network or management protocol, and

instead creates a new protocol using the layering effect of the computer instructions in the data

storage of the server.

Claims 4 - 27 depend on Claim 1 and contain all the limitations thereof. Because

Applicant believes that all elements of Claim 1 are not taught by Lakis, Applicant believes that

Claims 3-27 are also patentable over Lakis.

IV. Claim Rejections 35 USC §102 & §103

The Office Action rejected Claims 1-27 under 35 USC §102(a) as being anticipated by

or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Card (2003/0085931).

Card teaches a method used to view very large collections of hierarchically linked information. A visualization that fits within a fixed display area is created to represent a

complete collection of information, the visualization based on identified focus nodes and through

calculation of a degree of interest for each node in the structure. (Card. Paragraph [0014])

calculation of a degree of interest for each node in the structure. (Cara, 1 aragraph [001+])

Node information is generating using pre-existing, stored data for the nodes. (Card,

Paragraph [0046]) The degree of interest is calculated by assigning fractional degrees of interest to children and sibling nodes based on distance from the focus node and the nodes' order with

respect to the focus node. (Card, Paragraphs [0040] and [0046])

Card does not teach a method to create a hierarchy, as taught by Applicant, and instead

teaches a method of display using pre-existing data. Applicant's system could, in fact, be used

Application Serial No.: 10/625,878 Attorney Docket No.: 1400,002 simultaneously with the method described by Card, as Applicant's invention creates a hierarchy, with differing protocols and object lavers, while Card describes a method and system used to

view such hierarchically linked information.

Claims 4 - 27 depend on Claim 1 and contain all the limitations thereof. Because

Applicant believes that all elements of Claim 1 are not taught by Card, Applicant believes that

Claims 3-27 are also patentable over Card.

V. Claim Rejections 35 USC §102 & §103

The Office Action rejected Claims 1-27 under 35 USC §102(a) as being anticipated by

or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Hill (6,670,973).

Hill teaches a computer program for representing the information technology infrastructure of an organization with an interactive display module. (Hill, Column 1, Lines 32-

43) Hill describes connecting objects to each other using a data flow, without regard to dependency of layers of objects. Representations of information technology elements and the

relationships between them are stored in memory and accessed for creation of the interactive list and graph. (Hill, Column 3, Lines 8-18) A computer program is useable to modify relationships

between elements. (Hill, Column 4, Lines 5-7)

Applicant instead teaches a hierarchy with strict rules and relationships. Like *Lakis* and *Card*, *Hill* also fails to teach each element of Applicant's Claim 1, as amended. Applicant

teaches a system utilizing a dependency and impact hierarchy that includes layers which depend

on each other. Further, Applicant's system creates new industry standard protocols.

Claims 4 - 27 depend on Claim 1 and contain all the limitations thereof. Because

Applicant believes that all elements of Claim 1 are not taught by Hill, Applicant believes that

Claims 3-27 are also patentable over Hill.

Applicant appreciates the Examiner's time and attention to this matter. Applicant

believes no new matter has been added with any amendments that have been made. Applicant

Application Serial No.: 10/625,878 Attorney Docket No.: 1400.002 believes claims as now provided are in condition for allowance. Reconsideration of this application is respectfully requested.

Date: June 25, 2008

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